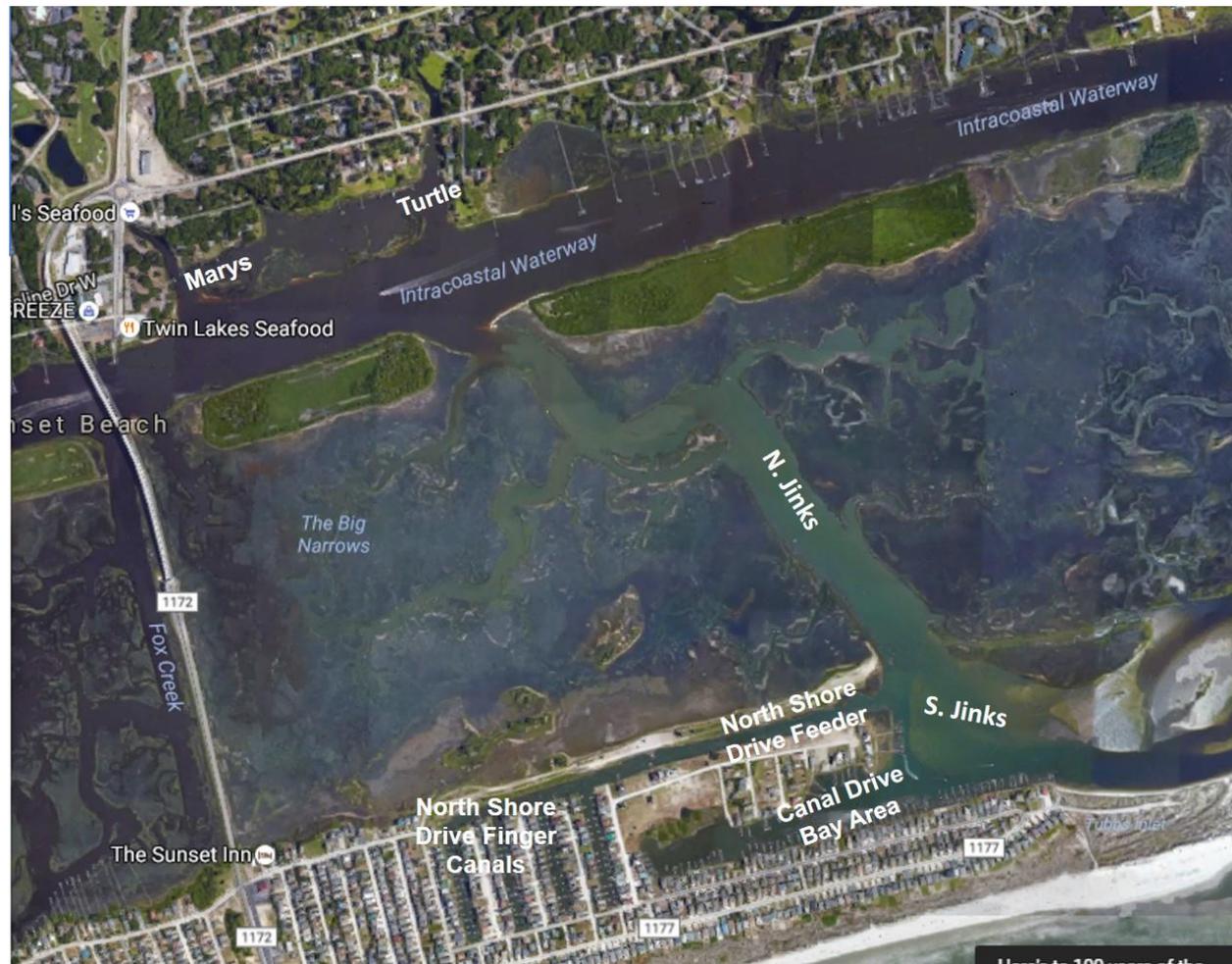


# Short Version of 2016 Shoreline Management & Dredging Project for the Town Council

Environmental Resource Committee



# Six Proposed Dredging Sites

## Mary's Creek

1. Maintenance Dredging
2. 1,110 feet

## Turtle's Creek

1. Maintenance Dredging
2. 1,100 feet

## North Shore Drive Feeder Canal

1. Maintenance Dredging
2. 3,500 feet

## North Shore Drive Adjoining Finger Canals

1. Maintenance Dredging
2. 3,600 feet

## Canal Drive Bay Area

1. New dredging
2. 2,100 feet

## Jinks Creek

1. New dredging
2. 6,800 feet



**New Dredging: 1.7 miles or 49% of the project**

**Maintenance Dredging: 1.8 miles or 51% of the project**

# South Jinks Creek

1. Inlets move
2. Sand movement associated with flood tide delta movement
3. Kayaking at low tide
4. It is reasonable to consider the South End of Jinks Creek for dredging.



# Dredging of North Jinks Creek Will Create Concerns

1. Environmentally sensitive
2. Economically important
3. Primary Nursing Areas (PNA)
4. 75% of animals harvested in North Carolina for sea food spend at least part of their life cycle in these nurseries.

In 1970s Jinks Creek was determined not to be a PNA

However, the current NCDENR website shows that the banks of North Jinks Creek are classified as PNA

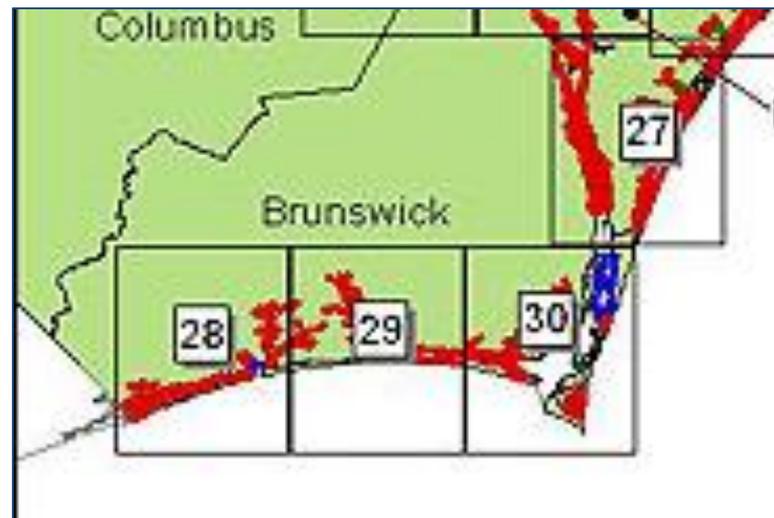




**North Jinks Channel Surroundings, Marys and Turtle Creeks, and the ICW are listed as Primary Nursery areas**

**Oysters beds are found from Riverside Drive to the Intracoastal Waterway**

<http://portal.ncdenr.org/web/mf/primary-nursery-areas>



- Fishery Nursery Areas**
-  Primary
  -  Permanent Secondary
  -  Special Secondary
  -  Military Danger Zones and Restricted Areas
  -  Inland waters (WRC jurisdiction)

**Fishery Nursery Areas**

**Map 28**

# **Role of Jinks Creek in the Primary Nursery System**

- 1. Water and nutrients delivered to the PNAs by Jinks Creek**
- 2. Major biological function of shellfish is to remove contaminants from the water**
- 3. Removal of contaminants help maintain a functional primary nursery system**



# Oyster Beds In the North Jinks Creek

**CAMA rules specify: “Navigation channels, canals, and boat basins shall be aligned or located so as to avoid primary, nursery areas, shellfish beds, beds of submerged aquatic vegetation.”**



# Pollution Removal

- 1. Reason for these signs is the shellfish have ingested significant amounts of pollutants to be inedible**
- 2. Shellfish in Jinks Creek are doing their job**
- 3. Dredging will stir up any pollutants and fine sediments and redistribute them throughout the water column and onto the marsh.**
- 4. Boat wake will also stir up pollutants. Larger the boat the greater the disruption.**
- 5. Dredge spoil should be carefully handled and carefully placed where there is minimal impacts to nursery grounds and habitats**



**Closed Shellfish Sign posted on both side of North Jinks Creek**

# **2016 North Carolina Coastal Habitat Protection Plan by North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality**

<http://portal.ncdenr.org/web/mf/habitat/chpp/downloads>

- 1. Sedimentation in nursery area is a primary concern.**
- 2. Dredging contributes to an increase in sediment.**
- 3. Shell bottom habitats are damaged by navigational dredging.**
- 4. Major threat to SAV is channel dredging.**



**QUESTIONS**

